

崩壊幅

n 粒子への崩壊を考える。

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S行列は

$$|\langle f | S^{-1} | i \rangle|^2 = (2\pi)^4 \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} t V \delta(E_f - E_i) \delta^{(3)}(\mathbf{P}_f - \mathbf{P}_i) |\langle f | \mathcal{T} | i \rangle|^2$$

崩壊幅 = 単位時間あたりの遷移確率

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$$\Gamma = (2\pi)^4 \cdot V \int \frac{d^3 q_1}{(2\pi)^3} \cdots V \int \frac{d^3 q_n}{(2\pi)^3} \sum_{\text{final state}} V \delta(\sum_n E_f - E) \delta^{(3)}(\sum_n \mathbf{q}_n - \mathbf{P}) |\langle f | \mathcal{T} | i \rangle|^2$$

$$= \frac{V^{n+1}}{(2\pi)^{3n-4}} \int d^3 q_1 \cdots \int d^3 q_n \sum_{\text{state}} \delta(\sum_n E_f - E) \delta^{(3)}(\sum_n \mathbf{q}_n - \mathbf{P}) |\langle f | \mathcal{T} | i \rangle|^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{3n-4} \cdot 2E} \int \frac{d^3 q_1}{2E_{q_1}} \cdots \int \frac{d^3 q_n}{2E_{q_n}} \delta(\sum_n E_f - E) \delta^{(3)}(\sum_n \mathbf{q}_n - \mathbf{P}) \\ \times 2E_{q_1} \cdots 2E_{q_n} V^{n+1} |\langle f | \mathcal{T} | i \rangle|^2$$

Branching ratio B の定義

$$B = \frac{\Gamma}{\sum \Gamma}$$

Total decay rate

粒子の寿命

$$\tau = \frac{1}{\sum \Gamma} = \frac{B}{\Gamma}$$